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PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET

This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c).

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Additional inventors are being named on the 1 separately numbered sheets attached hereto								22
TITLE OF THE INVENTION (280 characters max)								
PANORAMIC RETRACTABLE TOP								
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Type a plus sign (+) **Docket Number** 19339-097010 inside this box INVENTOR(S)/APPLICANT(S) Residence Given Name (first and middle [if any]) Family or Surname (City and either State or Foreign Country) David Newkirk Sterling, MI John E. Milford, MI Long

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PANORAMIC RETRACTABLE TOP

Field of the Invention

[0001] The invention relates to a retractable roof for a motor vehicle. More particularly, the invention relates to a retractable roof that is movable into a sunroof position and a fully open position.

Description of the Related Art

[0002] Retractable roofs have become an increasingly popular accessory item for various motor vehicles. A retractable roof allows ventilation and/or sunlight to enter a passenger compartment in order to provide occupants thereof with added comfort. One example of a well-known retractable roof is a sunroof. Sunroofs typically include a closure panel that is movable, either manually or via an electric motor, relative to an opening in a roof. The closure panel is movable between a closed position generally flush with the roof that completely covers the opening, and an open position rearward of the closed position for allowing ventilation and/or sunlight to enter the passenger compartment. In addition, the closure panel is typically positionable at one of a plurality of partially open positions between the closed and open positions.

[0003] Another well-known retractable roof is a convertible roof. In convertible roofs, the entire roof is moved into a rear portion of the motor vehicle to maximize the ventilation and/or sunlight provided to the occupants. Oftentimes, the retracted roof occupies a substantial portion of a luggage compartment of the motor vehicle, which is undesirable due to the resulting loss of available storage space. In other convertible roof approaches, the roof is moved to a vertical position behind either a front or rear seat. The appearance of the roof behind the front or rear seat in this approach is, however, not preferred from an aesthetic standpoint.

Summary of the Invention

[0004] According to one aspect of the invention, a retractable roof assembly is provided for pivoting and stowing a roof behind a rear seat of a motor vehicle having longitudinal, spaced apart roof side frame members. The retractable roof assembly includes a split rail assembly

having a fixed rail adapted to be fixedly secured to each of the side frame members and extending along a portion thereof. The split rail assembly also includes a movable rail extending along a remaining portion of the side frame members rearward of the fixed rail. A plurality of roof panels is slidably coupled to the split rail assembly and forms a portion of the roof. The plurality of roof panels is movable between a first position, in which at least a portion of the plurality of roof panels is supported by the fixed rail, and a second position, in which all of the plurality of roof panels are supported by the movable rail. A linkage assembly is operably connected to the movable rail, and pivots the movable rail relative to the fixed rail when the plurality of roof panels is in the second position to pivot and articulate the plurality of roof panels into a stowed position behind the rear seat in order to fully open the roof.

[0005] According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a split rail assembly extending along spaced apart side frame members of a motor vehicle for pivoting a plurality of roof panels to a stowed position behind a rear seat of a motor vehicle. The split rail assembly includes a fixed rail adapted to be fixedly secured to each of the side frame members and extending along a portion thereof. The split rail assembly also includes a movable rail extending along a remaining portion of each of the side frame members rearward of the fixed rail and selectively supporting the plurality of roof panels. The movable rail is pivotally mounted relative to the fixed rail for moving the plurality of panels to the stowed position behind the rear seat.

[0006] According to still another aspect of the invention, there is provided a retractable roof for a motor vehicle having a rear seat. The retractable roof includes a plurality of roof panels slidably coupled to the motor vehicle for moving the roof into a sunroof position. The retractable roof also includes a linkage assembly operably connected to the plurality of panels for pivoting and stowing the plurality of panels behind the rear seat to place the retractable roof in a fully open position.

[0007] According to yet another aspect of the invention, there is provided a method for retracting a roof having first, second, and third roof panels into a stowed position behind a rear seat of a motor vehicle. The method includes the steps of: raising the first roof panel relative to the second roof panel; sliding the first roof panel over the second roof panel to partially open the

roof; coupling the first roof panel to the second roof panel; lifting the third roof panel upwards relative to the first and second panels; moving the coupled first and second roof panels under the third roof panel to stack the first, second, and third roof panels; and pivoting the first, second, and third panels to a stowed position behind the rear seat.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0008]. Advantages of the present invention will be readily appreciated as the same becomes better understood by reference to the following detailed description when considered in connection with the accompanying drawings wherein:

[0009] Figure 1 is a side view of a motor vehicle including a retractable roof according to the invention;

[0010] Figure 2 is a top view of a motor vehicle including fixed and movable rails extending along a side frame member;

[0011]	Figure 3 is a side view of the fixed and movable rails;
[0012]	Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of the fixed rail taken along line 4-4 in Figure 3;
[0013]	Figure 5 is a top view of the retractable roof in a closed position;
[0014]	Figure 6 is a top view of the retractable roof in a partially open position;
[0015]	Figure 7 is a top view of the retractable roof in a fully open position;
[0016]	Figure 8 is a side view of the retractable roof in the closed position;
[0017] assembly;	Figure 9 is a side view of a first panel of the retractable roof and a carrier
[0018]	Figure 10 is an opposing, side view of the first panel and carrier assembly;
[0019]	Figure 11 is a side view of the carrier assembly raised relative to the fixed rail;
[0020]	Figure 12 is a side view of an air deflector in stowed and use positions;

[0021] Figure 13 is a side view of the first panel holding the air deflector in the stowed position;

[0022] Figure 14 is a side view of the air deflector in the use position after being freed by the first panel;

[0023] Figure 15 is a side view of a second panel of the retractable roof and a coupling mechanism fixedly mounted to the second panel;

[0024] Figure 16 is a side view of a catch of the first panel approaching the coupling mechanism of the second panel;

[0025] Figure 17 is a side view of the catch engaging the coupling mechanism to couple the first panel to the second panel;

[0026] Figure 18 is a cross-sectional view of the carrier assembly disposed within an interior portion of the fixed rail;

[0027] Figure 19 is a side view of the retractable roof in the partially open position;

[0028] Figure 20 is a perspective view of a package tray assembly with a package tray in a use position;

[0029] Figure 21 is a side view of the package tray assembly with the package tray in the use position;

[0030] Figure 22 is a fragmentary, side view of the package tray assembly including a central reinforcement bracket and an outboard bracket;

[0031] Figure 23 is a perspective view of the package tray assembly with the package tray in the folded position;

[0032] Figure 24 is a side view of the package tray assembly with the package tray in the folded position;

[0033] Figure 25 is a side view of a third panel of the retractable roof;

[0034] Figure 26 is a side view of the retractable roof showing the third panel in a raised position;

[0035] Figure 27 is a side view of the retractable roof showing the third panel in a lowered position;

[0036] Figure 28 is a fragmentary, side view of the fixed and movable rails and a rail locking mechanism fully extended;

[0037] Figure 29 is a fragmentary, perspective view of the movable rail and the rail locking mechanism fully extended;

[0038] Figure 30 is a fragmentary, side view of the movable rail with the rail locking mechanism partially extended;

[0039] Figure 31 is a fragmentary, perspective view of the movable rail and the rail locking mechanism partially extended;

[0040] Figure 32 is a fragmentary, side view of the movable rail with the rail locking mechanism fully retracted for unlocking the movable rail from the fixed rail;

[0041] Figure 33 is a perspective view of a panel support structure;

[0042] Figure 34 is a perspective view of the panel support structure and the movable rail fixedly secured thereto;

[0043] Figure 35 is a perspective view of the panel support structure and first and second motors fixedly secured thereto;

[0044] Figure 36 is a perspective view of a stowable cartridge including the panel support structure, the movable rail, and the first, second, and third panels;

[0045] Figure 37 is a side view of the cartridge and a linkage assembly operably connected thereto;

[0046] Figure 38 is a rear perspective view of the linkage assembly and a motor operably connected thereto;

[0047] Figure 39 is a side, perspective view of the linkage assembly pivoting the cartridge relative to the fixed rail;

[0048] Figure 40 is a side, perspective view showing the cartridge being articulated by the linkage assembly;

[0049] Figure 41 is a side, perspective view showing the cartridge being further articulating by the linkage assembly;

[0050] Figure 42 is a side, perspective view showing the cartridge completely stowed;

[0051] Figure 43 is a perspective view of a front support module;

[0052] Figure 44 is a perspective view of a rear support module;

[0053] Figure 45 is a perspective view of the front and rear support modules with various components mounted thereto;

[0054] Figure 46 is a bottom view of the third panel; and

[0055] Figure 47 is a cross-sectional view of Figure 46 taken along line 47 including a plastic cable encapsulation.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Referring to Figure 1, a motor vehicle 10 includes a front windshield 12, a rear decklid 14, and spaced apart, longitudinally extending sidewalls 16 (one shown in Figure 1) extending therebetween. The front windshield 12 and the sidewalls 16 partially define a passenger compartment 20. The passenger compartment 20 includes front 22 and rear 24 seats disposed therewithin for supporting one or more occupants. It is, however, appreciated that the motor vehicle 10 may only include front seats 22. Thus, the motor vehicle 10 may have either two or four doors. A luggage compartment 26 is located rearward of the passenger compartment 20 and is selectively closed by the rear decklid 14. A receptacle 28 is positioned between the

rear seat 24 and the luggage compartment 26. Although the receptacle 28 is shown as being a distinct compartment, it is hereby appreciated that the receptacle 28 could, in the alternative, be a space behind the rear seat 24 or a portion of the luggage compartment 26.

[0057] Referring to Figure 2, a roof side frame member 30 is fixedly secured to each of the spaced apart sidewalls 16, 18. Each of the spaced apart side frame members 30 extends longitudinally between the front windshield 12 and the rear decklid 14. A metal header 32 is fixedly secured to the front windshield 12. The header 32 extends rearwardly from the front windshield 12 and laterally between the spaced apart side frame members 30. Together, the rear decklid 14, the side frame members 30, and the header 32 define a roof opening 31.

[0058] Referring to Figures 2 and 3, a split rail assembly, generally shown at 33, includes a fixed rail 34 fixedly secured to each side frame member 30. The fixed rail 34 extends rearwardly from the header 32 along a portion of each side frame member 30. Each fixed rail 34 includes a front end 36 disposed adjacent the header 32, and an opposing back end 38.

[0059] The split rail assembly 33 also includes a movable rail 40 extending forwardly from the rear decklid 14 along a remaining portion of each side frame member 30. Each movable rail 40 includes a front end 42 and an opposing back end 44. The front end 42 of the movable rail 40 abuts the back end 38 of the fixed rail 34 such that the split rail assembly 33 is continuous as its extends longitudinally between the front windshield 12 and the rear decklid 14.

[0060] Referring to Figure 4, each fixed rail 34 includes an outwardly extending mounting flange 42 that is adapted to be fixedly secured to the adjacent side frame member 30. The fixed rail 34 is generally U-shaped and defines an interior portion, generally shown at 45. The interior portion 45 includes longitudinally extending first 46 and second 48 cable channels. The interior portion 45 also includes longitudinally extending upper 50 and lower 52 recesses. Although the fixed rail 34 is shown in Figure 4, it should be appreciated that the movable rail 40 has a similar cross-section to the fixed rail 34. In particular, each movable rail 40 includes the longitudinally extending first 46 and second 48 cable channels, and the longitudinally extending upper 50 and lower 52 recesses. More specifically, the first 46 and second 48 cable channels,

and the upper 50 and lower 52 recesses extend continuously from the front end 36 of the fixed rail 34 to the back end 44 of the movable rail 40.

[0061] A rail bracket or scissor insert 37 defining a retention slot 39 is fixedly secured to the fixed rail 34 adjacent the front end 36 thereof, as shown in Figure 3. More specifically, the rail bracket 37 is disposed within the interior portion 45 of each fixed rail 34. The rail bracket 37 is preferably formed from a metal material.

[0062] In the preferred embodiment, the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails are each formed from an extruded aluminum. It is, however, appreciated that the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails may be formed from any of numerous materials.

[0063] Referring to Figure 5, a retractable roof assembly 53 includes a retractable roof or top, generally indicated at 54, extending longitudinally between the header 32 and the rear decklid 14, and laterally between the side frame members 30 to selectively close the roof opening 31. The roof 54 includes a first roof panel 58, a second roof panel 60, and a third roof panel 62, and is movable between a closed position, shown in Figure 5, a partially open or sunroof position, shown in Figure 6, and a fully open position, shown in Figure 7. In addition, an air deflector 56 is pivotally secured to the header 32, as shown in Figures 5 through 7.

[0064] Referring to Figure 8, a panel support structure, generally indicated at 64, supports the movable rail 40. First 70 and second 72 motors are fixedly secured to the panel support structure 64, as is shown in Figure 35. The first motor 70 is operably connected to the first panel 58 via a first cable 74. A full description of the operation of the first motor 70 and cable 74 is disclosed in commonly-owned United States Provisional Patent Application Serial Number 60/499,361, filed September 3, 2003 and entitled "Sunroof", the specification of which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

[0065] The first panel 58 includes a front end 80 and an opposing rear end 82. When the roof 54 is in the closed position, as shown in Figure 8, the front end 80 of the first panel 58 is disposed adjacent the air deflector 56. More specifically, the front end 80 of the first panel 58 presses the air deflector 56 downwards when the roof 54 is in the closed position.

[0066] Referring to Figures 9 through 11, a carrier assembly, generally indicated at 84, is coupled to the first panel 58, and assists in raising the first panel 58 relative to the fixed rail 34. The carrier assembly 84 includes a panel carrier 86 that is bolted or otherwise fixedly secured to the first panel 58. The panel carrier 86 includes front 88 and rear 90 legs, shown in Figure 10, having respective pins 91, 92 extending out therefrom.

[0067] The carrier assembly 84 also includes front 94 and rear 96 guides, shown in Figures 9 and 11, coupled to the panel carrier 86. The front 94 and rear 96 guides are connected to one another by a connecting bar 98. Each of the front 94 and rear 96 guides defines an elongated slot 100 for receiving the sliding pins 91, 92 of the respective front 88 and rear 90 legs of the panel carrier 86. Each elongated slot 100 extends between a lower end 102 and an upper end 104. The sliding pin 91 of the front leg 88 is also selectively received within the retention slot 39 of the rail bracket 37. The movement of each of the sliding pins 91, 92 from the lower end 102 of the elongated slot 100 to the upper end 104 thereof raises the panel carrier 86, and with it the first panel 58, relative to the front 94 and rear 96 guides, as is shown in Figure 11.

[0068] The front guide 94 also includes an outwardly extending mounting arm 106, shown in Figures 9 and 11, which is fixedly secured to the first cable 74. Activation of the first motor 70 drives the first cable 74 rearwardly, which causes the pin 91 on the front leg 88 to exit the retention slot 39 of the rail bracket 37 and move to the upper end 104 of the elongated slot 100 in the front guide 94. Simultaneously, the pin 92 on the rear leg 90 moves to the upper end 104 of the elongated slot 100 in the rear guide 96. As a result, the panel carrier 86 and the first panel 58 coupled thereto are raised relative to the front 94 and rear 96 guides. After the initial raising of the first panel 58, the driven first cable 74 urges the front 94 and rear 96 guides into further rearward movement along the fixed rail 34 in order to move the first panel 58 towards the second panel 60.

[0069] When the first panel 58 covers the second panel 60, as shown in Figure 19, the roof 54 is in the sunroof position. Therefore, a portion of the roof opening 31 is able to receive ventilation and/or sunlight therethrough. Depending on the preference of the occupant, the roof 54 may either be maintained in the partially open position or moved to the fully open position.

[0070] Still referring to Figures 9 and 11, the front guide 94 includes upper feet 108, and the front 94 and rear 96 guides each include lower feet 110. The upper feet 108 are received within the longitudinally extending upper recess 50 of the fixed rail 34, and the lower feet 110 are received within the longitudinally extending lower recess 52 of the fixed rail 34 (the upper 50 and lower 52 recesses are shown in Figure 4). Thus, the front 94 and rear 96 guides are disposed within the interior portion 45 of the fixed rail 34. Together, the upper 108 and lower 110 feet allow for smooth, sliding movement of the carrier assembly 84, and with it, the first panel 58, back and forth along the split rail assembly 33.

[0071] The front guide 94 further includes a catch, generally indicated at 112, as shown in Figure 9. The catch 112 includes a striking surface 114, and a receiving slot 116 having a distal end 118, as described in further detail below.

[0072] Referring to Figures 12 through 14, the air deflector 56 includes a forward end 120 pivotally coupled to the header 32 about a pair of spaced apart hinges 121 (one shown), and an opposing rearward end 122. The air deflector 56 also includes deflector bracket 124 disposed adjacent the rearward end 122. The deflector bracket 124 includes a slot 126 extending between upper 128 and lower 130 ends. The air deflector 56 may be formed from any of numerous materials including, but not limited to, glass, metal, and plastic.

[0073] A pivot arm 132 includes a first end 134 pivotally secured to the fixed rail 34, and a second end 136 received within the slot 126. A spring 138 is disposed below the pivot arm 132 adjacent the first end 134 thereof, as shown in Figure 12. The spring 138 biases the first end 134 of the pivot arm 132 upwards. When the roof 54 is in the closed position, the front end 80 of the first panel 58 presses the first end 134 of the pivot arm 132 downwards against the biasing force of the spring 138 to hold the air deflector 56 in a lowered position, as shown in Figure 13. When the first panel 58 is, however, raised and moved rearwards along the fixed rail 34, the spring 138 is freed and biases the first end 134 of the pivot arm 132 upwards. As a result, the second end 136 of the pivot arm 132 moves to the upper end 128 of the slot 126. At the same time, the forward end 120 of the air deflector 56 pivots relative to the header 32 about the spaced apart hinges 121 so that the air deflector 56 moves to an elevated position, as shown in Figure 14. In

the elevated position, the air deflector 56 prevents or reduces air turbulence from entering the passenger compartment 20 below.

[0074] Referring to Figure 15, the second panel 60 includes a lower surface 140 extending between front 142 and rear 144 ends. A coupling mechanism, generally indicated at 146, is fixedly secured to the lower surface 140 adjacent the front end 142 of the second panel 60. The coupling mechanism 146 includes upper feet 148 disposed within the longitudinally extending upper recess 50 of the fixed rail 34. Thus, the upper feet 148 of the second panel 60, and the upper feet 108 of the first panel 58 are disposed within the same space, that is, the longitudinally extending upper recess 50 of the fixed rail 34.

Referring to Figures 16 and 17, the coupling mechanism 146 also includes a [0075] plunger 150, which selectively releases a leaf spring 152. The coupling mechanism 146 further includes a locking member 154 including a pin 155. As the first panel 58 moves over the second panel 60, the striking surface 114 of the catch 112 contacts the plunger 150 to force movement thereof in the direction of arrow A in Figure 16. The plunger 150 compresses a spring 151. As a result, the leaf spring 152 is released to allow upwards rotation of the locking member 154. At the same time that the striking surface 114 contacts the plunger 150, the receiving slot 116 of the catch 112 picks up the pin 155. The pin 155 is urged to the distal end 118 of the receiving slot 116 by the continued movement of the first panel 58 over the second panel 60. Thus, when the pin 155 is at the distal end 118 of the receiving slot 116, a portion of the locking member 154 is disposed within the receiving slot 116 to prevent the pin 155 from being released, as shown in Figure 17. As a result, the first 58 and second 60 panels are coupled to one another. The coupling of the first 58 and second 60 panels occurs after the roof 54 has moved out of the sunroof position towards the fully open position. In other words, when the roof 54 is in the sunroof position, the first 58 and second 60 panels are not coupled to one another by the catch 112 and coupling mechanism 146.

[0076] It is appreciated that although the catch 112 and the coupling mechanism 146 have been specifically described for coupling the first 58 and second 60 panels, the coupling of the first 58 and second 60 panels can be accomplished in any of numerous ways.

[0077] Referring back to Figure 15, a guide 156 is fixedly mounted to the lower surface 140 of the second panel 60 adjacent the rear end 144 thereof. The guide 156 includes upper feet 158 disposed within the longitudinally extending upper recess 50 of the fixed rail 34, as shown in Figure 18. The guide 156 stabilizes the rear end 144 of the second panel 60 as the second panel 60 moves along the split rail assembly 33.

[0078] Referring to Figures 20 through 24, a package tray assembly, generally shown at 159, includes a package tray 160. The package tray 160 is movable between a generally horizontal use position, shown in Figures 20 and 21, in which the package tray 160 covers at least a portion of the receptacle 28, and a folded position, shown in Figures 23 and 24, in which the package tray 160 is tilted forward and downward to uncover the receptacle 28.

The package tray 160 is coupled to a pair of spaced apart, outboard reinforcement brackets 162, 164 and a central reinforcement bracket 166 disposed therebetween. Each of the outboard reinforcement brackets 162, 164 includes an elongated slot 168 having opposing first 170 and second 172 ends. The package tray 160 includes a pair of outboard guides 174 each terminating in a sliding pin 176. Each sliding pin 176 is received within the elongated slot 168 of one of the outboard reinforcement brackets 162, 164 to couple the package tray 160 thereto. Each outboard guide 174 is operably connected to a third motor 178 via a cable 180. The third motor 178 is fixedly mounted to the rear seat 24 or a rear seat support structure (not shown) behind the rear seat 24 by a mounting bracket 182.

[0080] The central reinforcement bracket 166 defines a generally arc-shaped slot 184 extending between first 186 and second 188 ends, shown in Figure 22. The package tray 160 includes a central guide 190 terminating in a sliding pin 192, which is received within the arc-shaped slot 184 to couple the package tray 160 to the central reinforcement bracket 166.

[0081] To move the package tray 160 from the use position, shown in Figures 20 and 21, to the folded position, shown in Figures 23 and 24, the third motor 178 is activated to drive the cable 180, which urges the sliding pins 176 along each outboard guide 174 into movement towards the second end 172 of each elongated slot 168. The movement of the outboard guides 174 within the elongated slots 168 causes the central guide 190 to move towards the second end

188 of the arc-shaped slot 184. The package tray 160 initially follows the same path as the central guide 190 along the arc-shaped slot 184 for initial pivoting movement. Eventually, the package tray 160 will follow the same path as the outboard guides 174 along the elongated slots 168 in order to reach the folded position. The package tray 160 follows such a path in order to avoid contact with one of the many components surrounding the package tray assembly 159.

Referring to Figure 25, the third panel 62 includes a lower surface 194 extending between a front end 196 and an opposing rear end 198. A pivot mount 200 is fixedly secured to the lower surface 194 of the third panel 62 approximately midway between the front 196 and rear 198 ends thereof. A pivot bar 202 includes a first end 204 pivotally coupled to the pivot mount 200, and an opposing second end 206. In addition, a support bracket 208 is fixedly secured to the lower surface 194 of the third panel 62 at the rear end 198 thereof. The support bracket 208 is pivotally coupled to an arm 210. The arm 210 is coupled to the movable rail 40 at the back end 44 thereof. The support bracket 208 and the arm 210 provide support for the third panel 62 at the rear end 198 thereof.

[0083] A slide mechanism 212 is slidably disposed within the interior portion 45 of the movable rail 40, and pivotally secured to the second end 206 of the pivot bar 202. The slide mechanism 212 is operably connected to the second motor 72 via a second cable 214, shown in Figure 35. The movement of the slide mechanism 212 along the movable rail 40 pivots the pivot bar 202 in order to raise and lower the third panel 62.

[0084] The third panel 62 is maintained in a neutral position, shown in Figures 8 and 19, when the roof 54 is in either of the closed or sunroof positions. When it is desired to move the roof 54 into the fully open position, the second motor 72 is activated to drive the second cable 214 rearwards. As a result, the slide mechanism 212 moves rearwards towards the rear end 198 of the third panel 62. As the slide mechanism 212 moves rearwards, the pivot bar 202 pivots relative to the movable rail 40 to lift the third panel 62 into a raised position, shown in Figure 26. Subsequently, the space that is vacated by the raising of the third panel 62 is filled by the first 58 and second 60 panels, which are still being urged rearwards by the first motor 70 and cable 74. After the first 58 and second 60 panels have moved underneath the third panel 62, the second motor 72 urges the slide mechanism 212 rearwards once again, causing the pivot bar 202 to pivot

relative to the movable rail 40 and to lower the third panel 62 to a tucked position, shown in Figure 27. As a result, the first 58, second 60, and third 62 panels are arranged in a generally stacked configuration above the movable rail 40.

[0085] Referring to Figures 28 through 32, a rail locking mechanism, generally indicated at 220, selectively locks the fixed rail 34 to the movable rail 40. The rail locking mechanism 220 is housed within the movable rail 40, and includes a first 222 and second 224 locking fingers pivotally interconnected by a link 226. The fixed rail 34 includes an opening 228 for selectively receiving the first 222 and second 224 locking fingers. The rail locking mechanism 220 pivots at 225, 227 to allow the first 222 and second 224 locking fingers to bend and/or flex as one or both extend through the opening 228.

The first 222 and second 224 locking fingers are operably connected to the slide mechanism 212. In other words, the rail locking mechanism 220 locks and unlocks the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails as the slide mechanism 212 moves along the movable rail 40 to pivot the third panel 62 between its neutral, raised, and tucked positions. When the third panel 62 is in its neutral position, as is the case when the roof 54 is closed or opened to the partially open position, the first 222 and second 224 locking fingers each extend into the opening 228, as shown in Figures 28 and 29. As a result, the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails are locked to one another. When the third panel 62 is moved to its partially open position, only the first locking finger 222 extends into the opening 228 of the fixed rail 34, as shown in Figures 30 and 31. Still, the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails are locked. Finally, when the third panel 62 is moved to its tucked position, the rail locking mechanism 220 is disposed entirely within the movable rail 40, as shown in Figure 31, thereby unlocking the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails from one another.

[0087] Although the rail locking mechanism 220 has been specifically described above for locking the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails to one another, it is appreciated that the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails can be locked to one another in any one of numerous ways.

[0088] Referring back to Figure 28, the movable rail 40 additionally includes an outwardly extending locator pin 230. The fixed rail 34 includes a locking tab 232 having an aperture (not shown) for receiving the locator pin 230 therethrough. The engagement between

the locator pin 230 and the locking tab 232 prevents the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails from pulling apart from one another to further lock the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails to one another. The locator pin 230 and locking tab 232 also assist the first locking finger 222 in locating the opening 228 as the movable rail 40 approaches the fixed rail 34, that is, during movement of the roof 54 from the fully open position back to the closed or partially open position.

[0089] Although the locator pin 230 and locking tab 232 been specifically described above as an additional locking mechanism for the fixed 34 and movable 40 rails to one another, it is appreciated that the numerous other locking devices may be utilized to effect this additional locking action.

[0090] The panel support structure 64, previously introduced above, supports the first 58, second 60, and third 62 panels when they are arranged in the generally stacked configuration. Referring to Figures 33 and 34, the generally U-shaped panel support structure 64 includes spaced apart side support members 234, 236 and a cross member 238 extending therebetween. Each of the side support members 234, 236 is configured to receive one of the movable rails 40 therewithin. The movable rails 40 are bolted and/or otherwise fixedly secured to the side support members 234, 236. In addition, the first 70 and second 72 motors are each fixedly secured to the cross member 238 of the panel support structure 64, as shown in Figure 35. In the preferred embodiment, the panel support structure 64 is formed from magnesium, or a material having similar strength characteristics, in order to support the movable rail 40 and the panels 58, 60, 62 during movement of the roof 54 into and out of the fully open position.

[0091] When the movable rail 40 is unlocked from the fixed rail 34, the panel support structure 64, the first 70 and second 72 motors, the first 74 and second 214 cables, the movable rail 40, the carrier assembly 84, and the panels 58, 60, 62 form a stowable cartridge, generally shown at 65 in Figures 36 and 37.

[0092] Referring to Figure 38, a motor 240 and gearbox 241 is fixedly mounted to the luggage compartment 26. A flexible shaft 242 extends out from the motor 240 and is driven thereby. The flexible shaft 242 is operably connected to an actuator 244 at a back end 246 thereof. The actuator 244 is pivotally coupled to a trunnion bracket 250 about a pin 252. The

trunnion bracket 250 is fixedly mounted to a body of the motor vehicle 10. Although a gearbox is disclosed above, it is appreciated that, in the alternative, a pump may be substituted for the gearbox 241 in order to activate the actuator 244 by hydraulic means.

[0093] A front end 248 of the actuator 244 is connected to a linkage assembly, generally indicated at 254, which is operably coupled to the movable rail 40 and the panel support structure to move the panels 58, 60, 62 to a stowed position. The linkage assembly 254 includes a bell crank 256 extending between a rearward end 258 and a forward end 260. The rearward end 258 of the bell crank 256 is pivotally coupled to the front end 248 of the actuator 244. The forward end 260 of the bell crank 256 is pivotally coupled to a main pivot mounting bracket 262, which is fixedly secured to the body of the motor vehicle 10.

[0094] A power link 264 is pivotally coupled to the bell crank 256 at one end, and pivotally coupled to a main control link 266 at an opposing end. The main control link 266 is also pivotally coupled to the panel support structure 64 and to the main pivot mounting bracket 262. The main control link 266 is further pivotally coupled to an idler link 268. The idler link 268 is pivotally coupled to a secondary control link 270, which in turn is pivotally attached to the panel structure support 64. A balance link 272 is pivotally coupled to the main pivot mounting bracket 262 at one end and to the idler link 270 at an opposing end.

The actuation of the actuator 244 initiates downward travel of the linkage assembly 254 to move the cartridge 65 behind the rear seat 24 of the motor vehicle 10. The actuation of the actuator 244 causes the bell crank 256 to pivot about its rearward end 258. As a result, the force from the bell crank 256 is transferred to the main control link 266 via the power link 264. The main control link 266 subsequently controls the remaining downward movement of the panel support structure 64. Thus, the linkage assembly 254 provides for the initial pivotal and subsequent articulating movement of the cartridge 65 to place the panels 58, 60, 62 into the stowed position behind the rear seat 24, as is shown in Figures 39 through 42. When the panels 58, 60, 62 are in the stowed position, as shown in Figure 42, the roof 54 is in the fully open position. After the panels 58, 60, 62 have been moved to the stowed position, the package tray 160 moves back to its use position to close out the trim.

In operation, starting with the roof 54 in the closed position, as shown in Figure 8, the occupant of the passenger compartment 20 presses either a "sunroof" button to move the roof 54 into the partially open or sunroof position, or a "roof" button to move the roof 54 into the fully open position. As a result, the first motor 70 is activated to drive the first cable 74 rearwardly. As the first cable 74 is driven rearwardly, the sliding pin 91 along the front leg 88 is moved upwardly to the upper end 104 of the elongated slot 100 in the front guide 94. At the same time, the sliding pin 92 along the rear leg 90 is moved upwardly to the upper end 104 of the elongated slot 100 in the front guide 94. Thus, the panel carrier 86 is moved upwards relative to the front 94 and rear 96 guides to raise the first panel 58, as shown in Figure 11. The first cable 74 then drives the carrier assembly 84 rearwards towards the back end 38 of the fixed rail 34 to move the first panel 58 towards the second panel 60. The raising and rearward movement of the first panel 58 frees the spring 138, which biases the air deflector 56 upwards into its elevated position, shown in Figure 15. When the first panel 58 covers the second panel 60, the roof 54 is in the sunroof position, as shown in Figure 19.

[0097] If the "sunroof" button was initially activated, the package tray 160 and the third panel 62 will remain in their respective use and neutral positions and there is no further movement of the first 58 and second 60 panels.

[0098] If the "roof" button was, however, initially activated, the third motor 178 is activated at the same time that the air deflector 56 moves into its tilted position. The third motor 178 moves the package tray 160 from its use position to its folded position. After the package tray 160 has moved to its folded position, the second motor 72 is activated to lift the third panel 62 into its raised position.

[0099] The raised first panel 58 then moves rearwards over the second panel 60 until the catch 112 of the front guide 94 reaches the coupling mechanism 146 of the second panel 60. The striking surface 114 of the catch 112 contacts the plunger 150 of the coupling mechanism 146 to compress a spring 151, which frees the leaf spring 152 to urge the locking member 154 into an engaged position partially within the receiving slot 116. At the same time that the striking surface 114 contacts the plunger 150, the catch 112 picks up the pin 155 within the receiving slot 116, and urges the pin 155 to the distal end 118 of the receiving slot 116. The pin 155 is retained

within the receiving slot 116 by the locking member 154, as shown in Figure 18. Thus, the first 58 and second 60 panels are coupled to one another.

The coupled first 58 and second 60 panels slide rearwardly from the fixed rail 34 [0100] to the movable rail 40. As mentioned above, the third panel 62 has been already moved into its raised position. The first 58 and second 60 panels then slide underneath the raised third panel 62, after which the third panel 62 moves to its tucked position. When the third panel 62 is moved to its tucked position, the rail locking mechanism 220 completely withdraws from the opening 228 in the fixed rail 34 to unlock the fixed rail 34 from the movable rail 40. At this time, the movable rail 40 and the first 58, second 60, and third 62 panels, which are now arranged in a stacked configuration, are supported by the panel support structure 64. Together, the panel support structure 64, the first 70 and second 72 motors, the first 74 and second 214 cables, the movable rail 40, the carrier assembly 84, and the panels 58, 60, 62 form a stowable cartridge 65. The fourth motor 240 is then activated to actuate the actuator 244. The actuation of the actuator 244 causes the linkage assembly 254 to initially pivot and subsequently articulate the cartridge 65 into the receptacle 28. As a result, the panels 58, 60, 62 are placed in the stowed position and the roof 54 is in the fully open position. Finally, the package tray 160 is moved back to its use position to cover the receptacle 28 and close out the trim.

[0101] Referring to Figure 43, a front support module, generally shown at 276, includes a header support 278 and a generally U-shaped front support, generally indicated at 280, extending rearwards therefrom. The front support 280 includes a pair of longitudinally extending and spaced apart sides 282, 284 and a cross support 286 extending therebetween.

[0102] Referring to Figure 44, a rear support module, generally shown at 288, includes a generally vertical support structure 290 and a pair of spaced apart arm brackets 292, 294 extending out therefrom. The front 276 and rear 288 support modules may be manufactured by any of numerous metal forming processes including, but not limited to, stamping, hydroforming, roll forming, or any combination thereof.

[0103] The front 276 and rear 278 support modules allow for easy assembly of the various above-described components away from the motor vehicle 10 prior to installation

therein. Referring to Figure 45, the front support module 276 supports the air deflector 56 along the header support 278, and the fixed rail 34 along each of the spaced apart sides 282, 284. The rear support module 288 supports the cartridge 65, package tray assembly 159, actuator 244, and linkage assembly 254 therealong. More specifically, the trunnion bracket 250 is fixedly mounted to a rear portion of each arm bracket 292, 294, and the main pivot mounting bracket 262 is fixedly mounted to a front portion of each arm bracket 292, 294. For installation, the rear support module 288, with the various components mounted thereto, is first drop loaded into the motor vehicle 10 and fixedly secured thereto. Next, the front support module 276 is drop loaded into the motor vehicle 10 and fixedly secured to the side frame members 30.

[0104] Referring to Figures 46, another feature of the current invention is an encapsulation member 296 that extends along an outer periphery of the third panel 62. The encapsulation member 296 is adhesively bonded to the lower surface 194 of the third panel 62. In the preferred embodiment, the encapsulation member 296 is a plastic material that is molded directly to the third panel 62.

[0105] Referring to Figure 47, the encapsulation member 296 defines a channel 298 that extends along the outer periphery of the third panel 62. The channel 298 receives the first cable 74 therewithin as the first motor 70 drives the first cable 74 rearwards during movement of the roof 54 from the closed position to either the partially open or fully open positions. The storage of the first cable 74 inside the encapsulation member 296 addresses packaging concerns that arise as the panels 58, 60, 62 are moved into the stowed position.

[0106] The encapsulation member 296 also houses a reinforcement 300 disposed adjacent the channel 298 and extending along the outer periphery of the third panel 62. The reinforcement 300 provides increased rigidity, which stabilizes the encapsulation member 296 as the first cable 74 is alternately drawn in and forced out of the opening 298. A plurality of plastic overrun tubes 302 is coupled to the third panel 62 at the rear end 198 thereof. The overrun tubes 302 fit around the steel first cable 74 to provide flexibility thereto so that the third panel 62 is not restricted as it is raised and lowered.

[0107] The invention has been described in an illustrative manner, and it is to be understood that the terminology, which has been used, is intended to be in the nature of words of description rather than of limitation. Many modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is, therefore, to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced other than as specifically described.

What is claimed:

1. A retractable roof assembly for pivoting and stowing a roof behind a rear seat of a motor vehicle having longitudinally, spaced apart roof side frame members defining a roof opening, said retractable roof assembly comprising:

a split rail assembly including a fixed rail adapted to be fixedly secured to each of the side frame members and extending along a portion thereof, and a movable rail extending along a remaining portion of the side frame members rearward of said fixed rail;

a plurality of roof panels slidably coupled to said split rail assembly to selectively cover the opening, said plurality of roof panels movable between a first position, in which at least one of said plurality of panels is supported by said fixed rail, and a second position, in which all of said plurality of roof panels are supported by said movable rail; and

a linkage assembly operably connected to said movable rail for pivoting said movable rail relative to said fixed rail when said plurality of roof panels is in said second position to pivot and articulate said plurality of roof panels into a stowed position behind the rear seat.

2. A split rail assembly extending along spaced apart side frame members of a motor vehicle for pivoting a plurality of roof panels to a stowed position behind a rear seat of a motor vehicle, said split rail assembly comprising:

a fixed rail adapted to be fixedly secured to each of the side frame members and extending along a portion thereof; and

a movable rail extending along a remaining portion of each of the side frame members rearward of said fixed rail and selectively supporting the plurality of roof panels, said movable rail pivotally mounted relative to said fixed rail for moving the plurality of panels to the stowed position behind the rear seat.

3. A retractable roof for a motor vehicle having a rear seat, said retractable roof comprising:

a plurality of roof panels slidably coupled to the motor vehicle for moving the roof into a sunroof position; and

a linkage assembly operably connected to said plurality of panels for pivoting and stowing said plurality of panels behind the rear seat to place the roof in a fully open position.

4. A method of retracting a roof having first, second, and third roof panels into a space behind a rear seat of a motor vehicle, the method comprising the steps of:

raising the first roof panel relative to the second roof panel; sliding the first roof panel over the second roof panel to partially open the roof; coupling the first roof panel to the second roof panel;

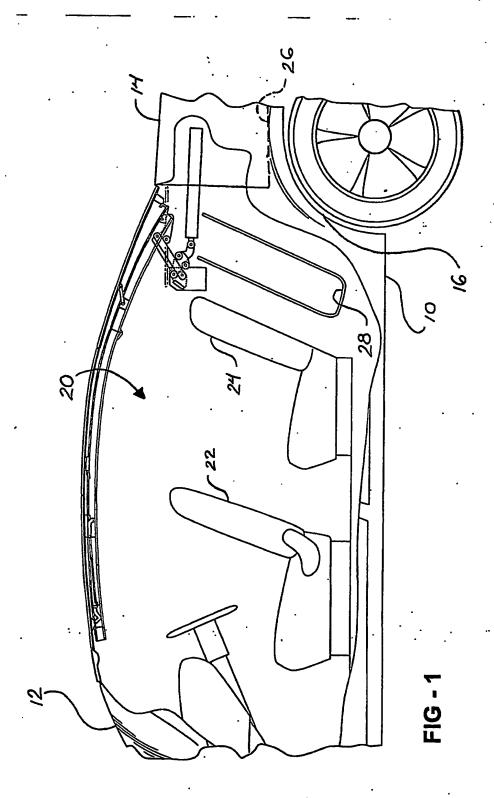
lifting the third roof panel upwards relative to the first and second roof panels;

moving the coupled first and second roof panels under the third roof panel to stack the first, second, and third roof panels; and

pivoting the first, second, and third roof panels into the space behind the rear seat to fully open the roof.

Abstract

A retractable roof assembly is provided for pivoting and stowing a roof behind a rear seat of a motor vehicle. The roof storage system includes a split rail assembly having a fixed rail adapted to be fixedly secured to each of the side frame members and extending along a portion thereof. The split rail assembly also includes a movable rail extending along a remaining portion of the side frame members rearward of the fixed rail. A plurality of roof panels is slidably coupled to the split rail assembly and forms a portion of the roof. The plurality of roof panels is movable between a first position, in which at least one of the plurality of roof panels is supported by the fixed rail, and a second position, in which all of the plurality of roof panels are supported by the movable rail. A linkage assembly is operably connected to the movable rail, and pivots the movable rail relative to the fixed rail when the plurality of roof panels is in the second position to move the plurality of roof panels into a stowed position behind the rear seat for fully opening the roof.



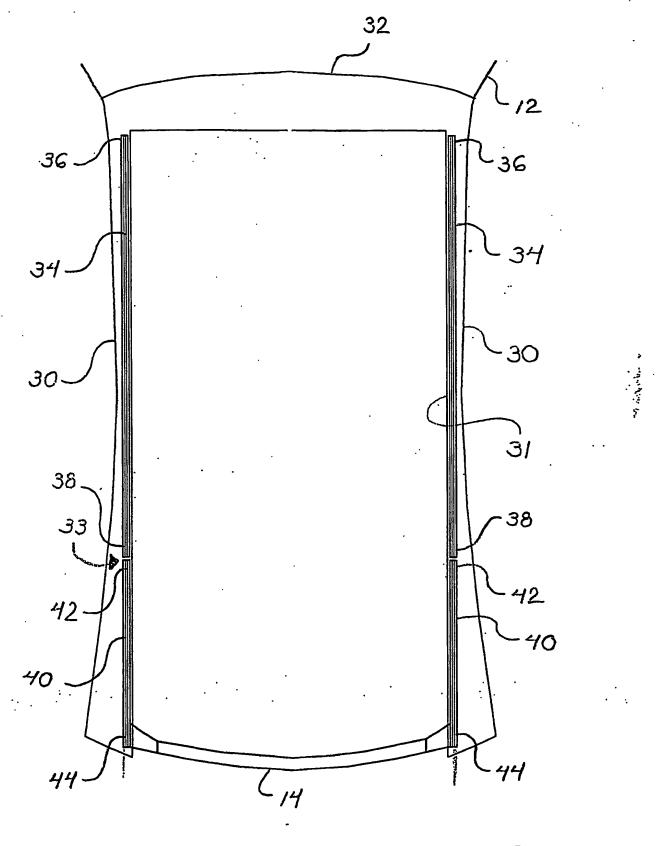
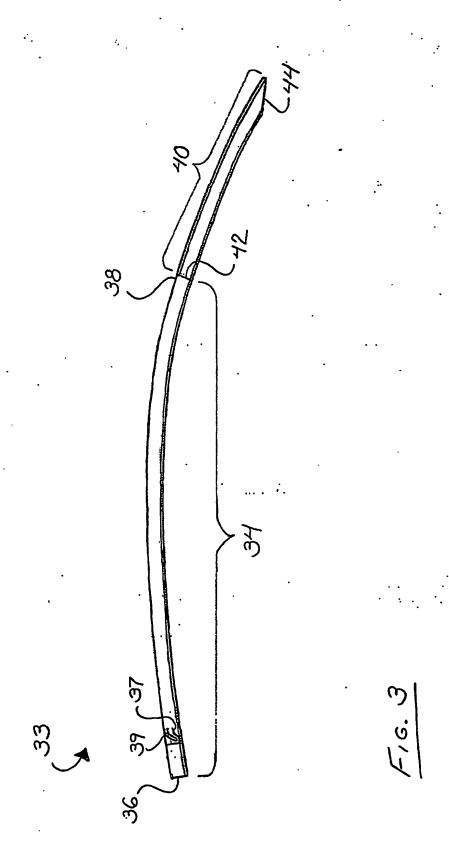


Fig. 2



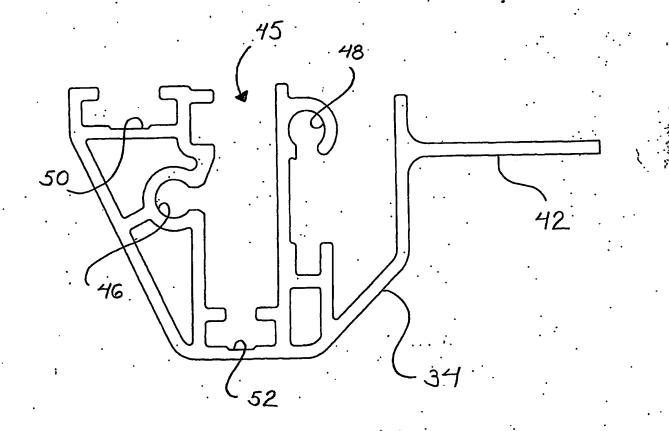
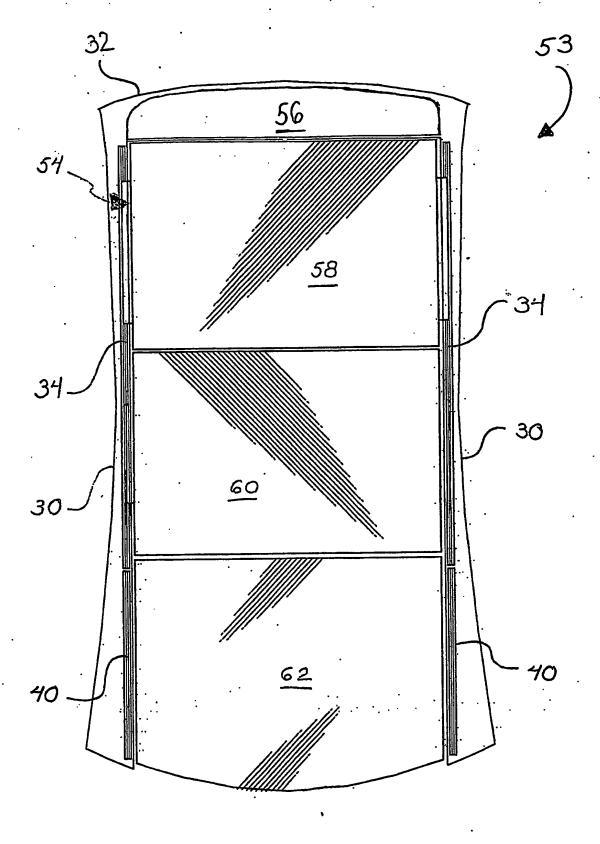


Fig. 4



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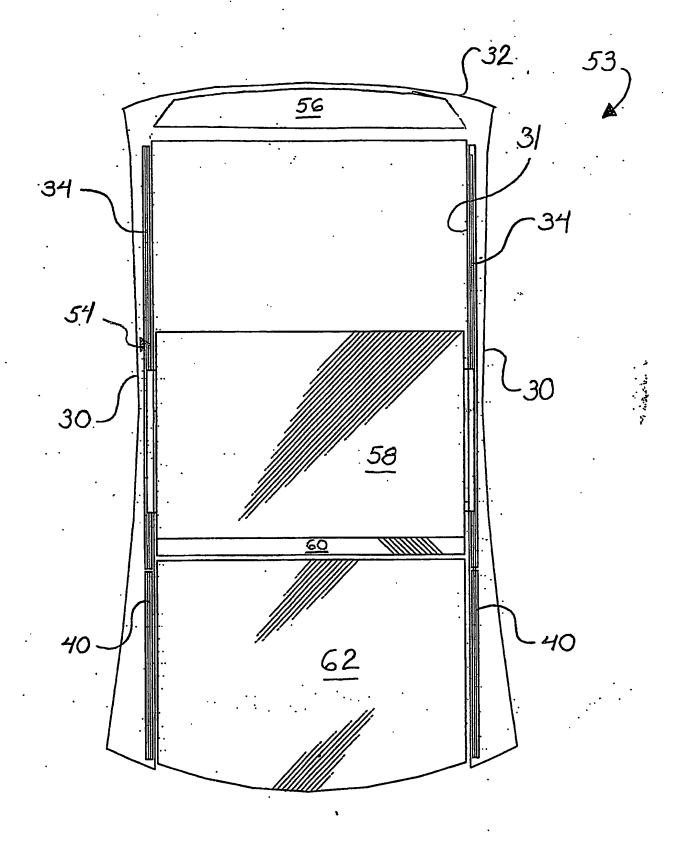
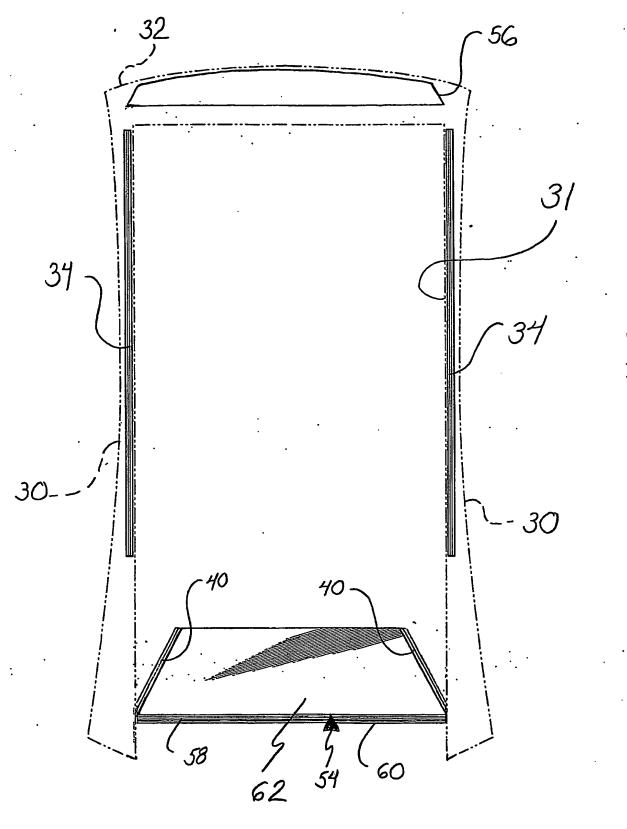
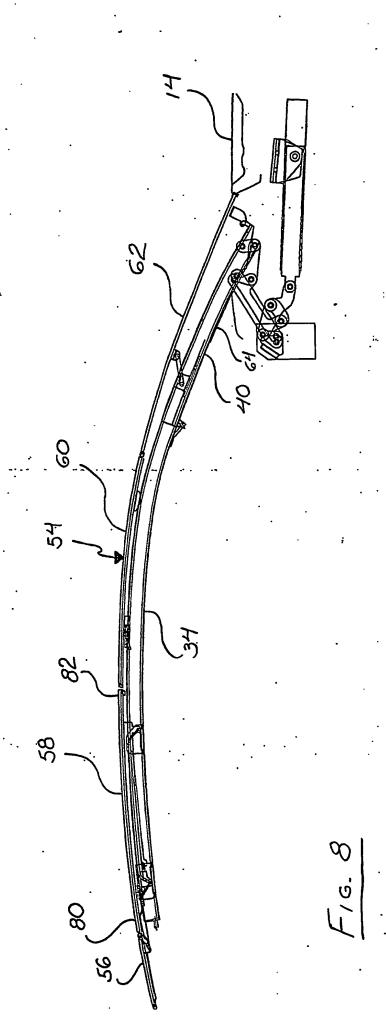
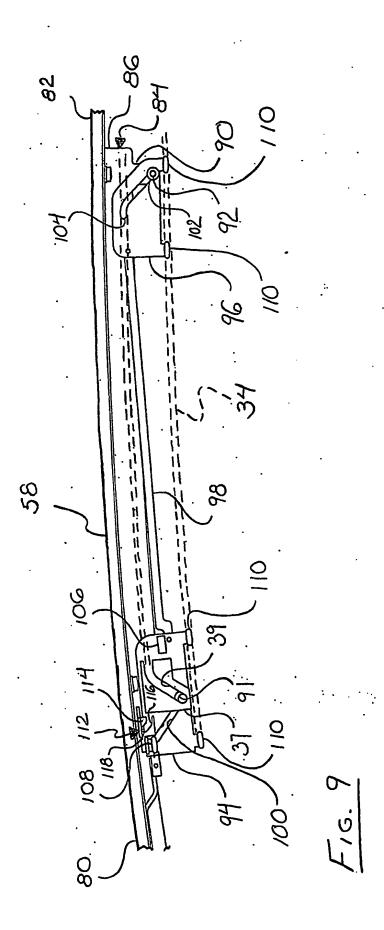


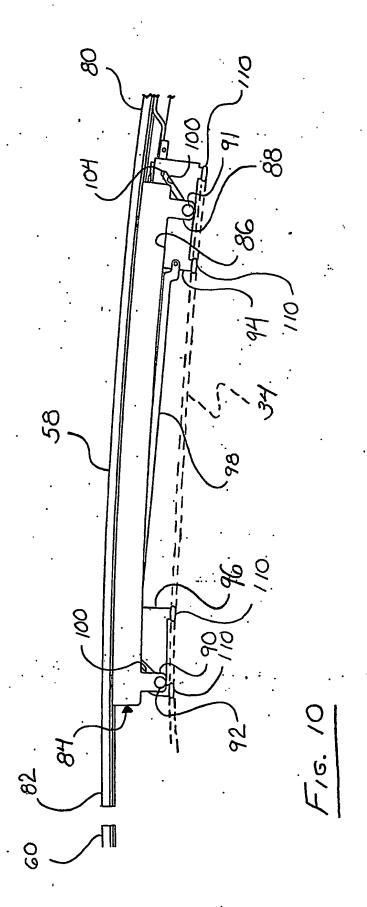
FIG - 6

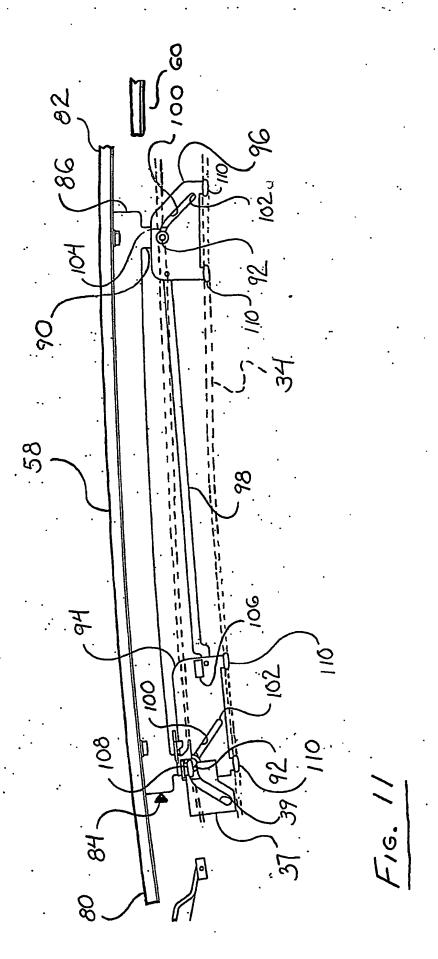


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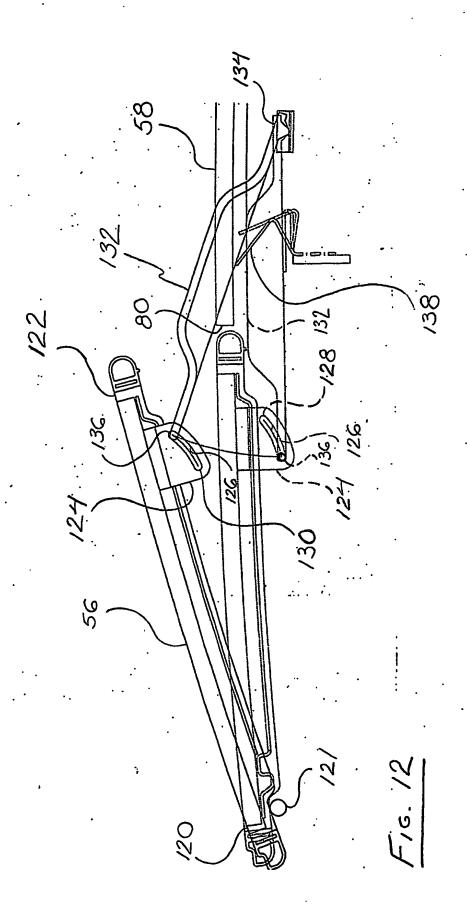


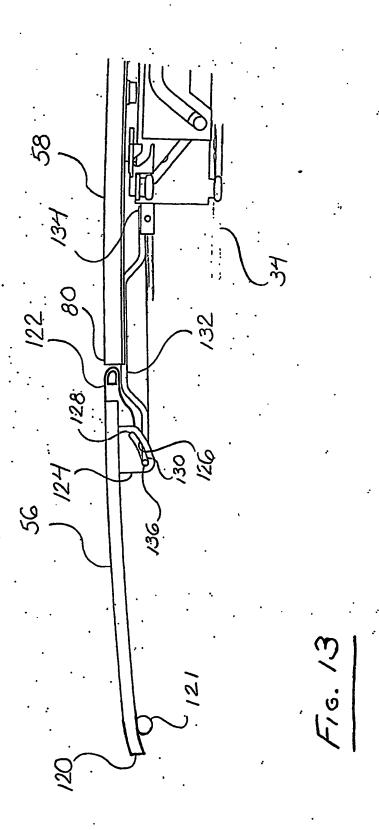


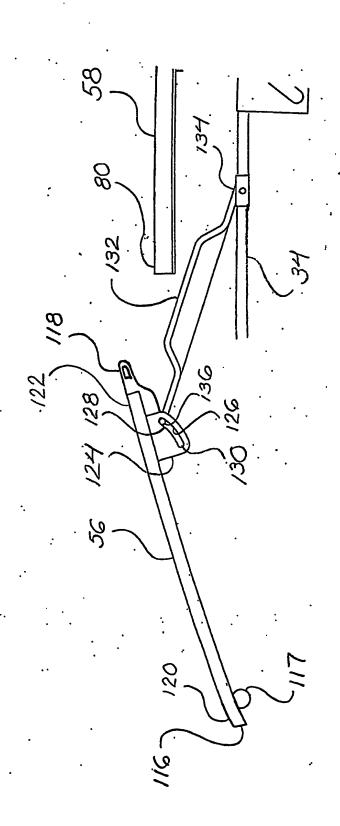




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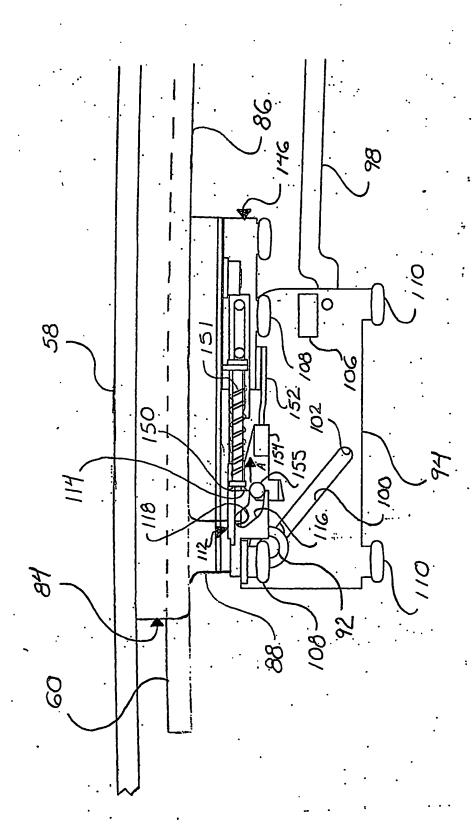


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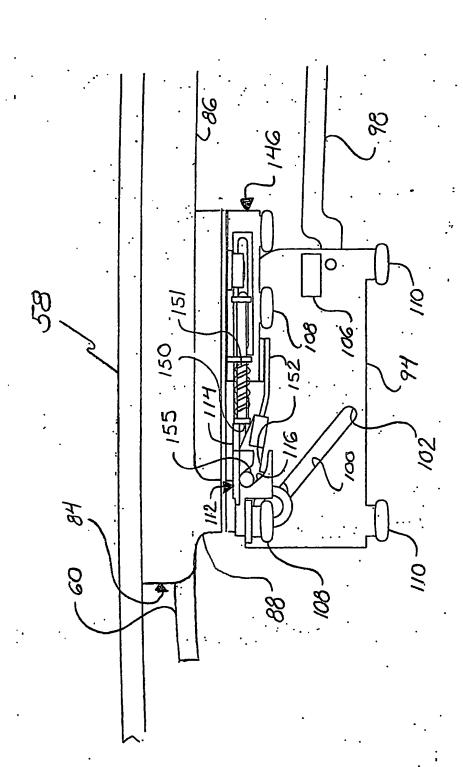
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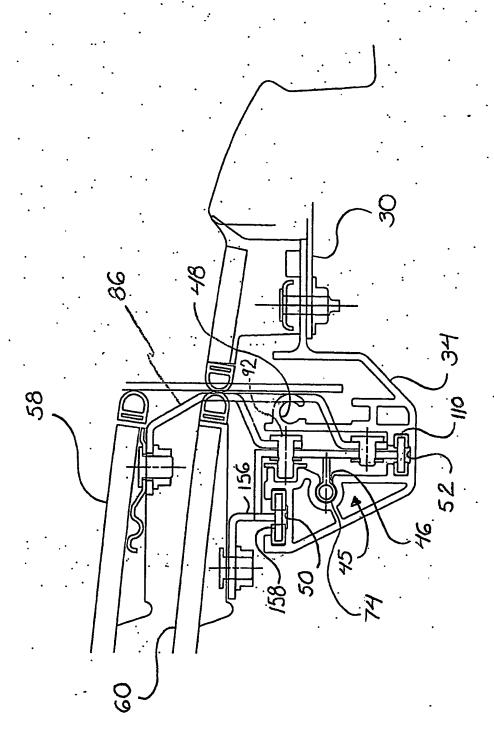
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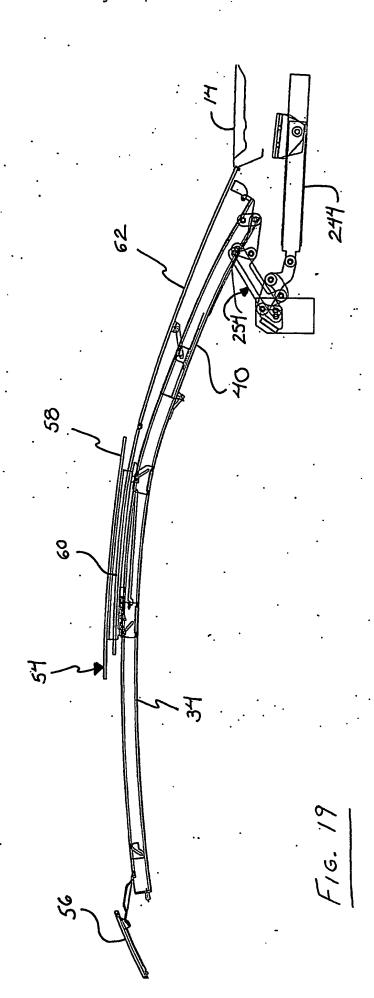
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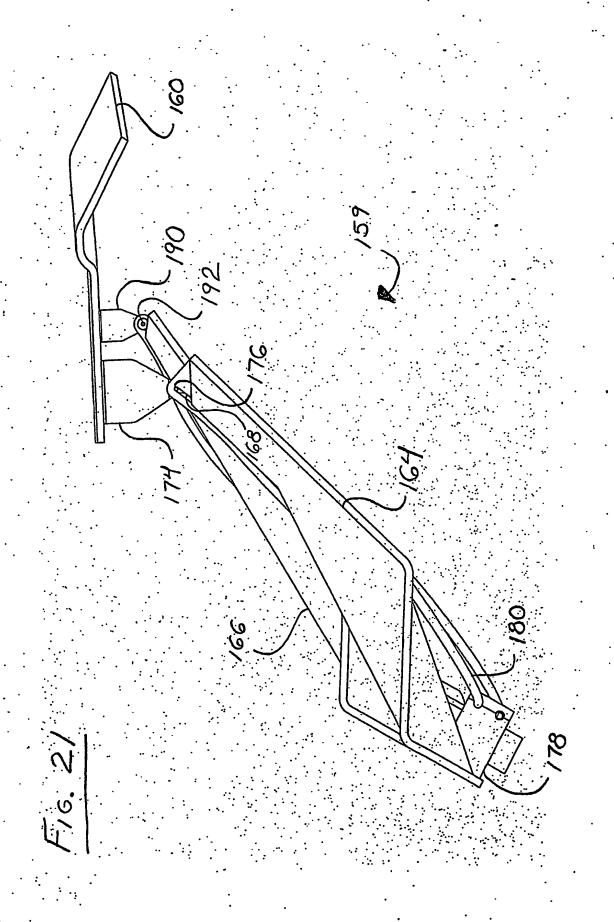
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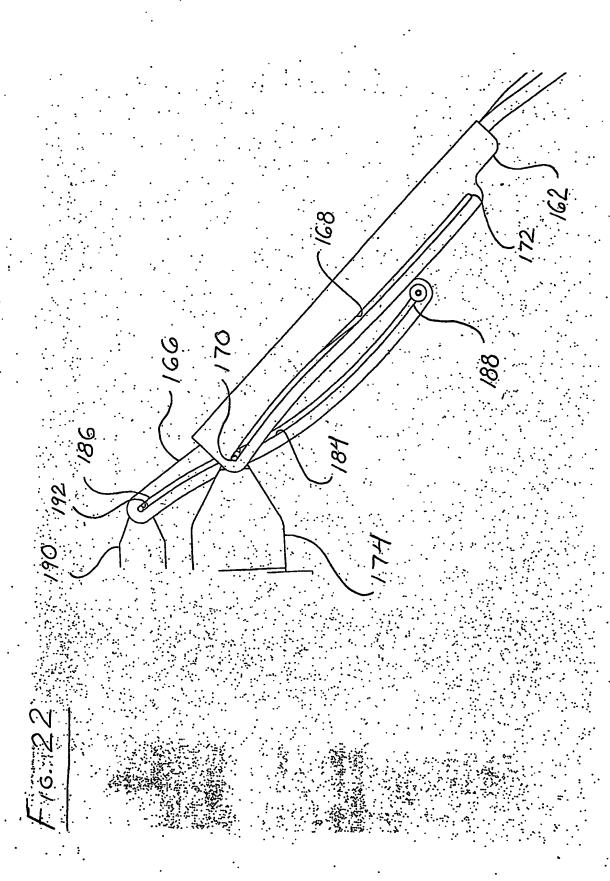


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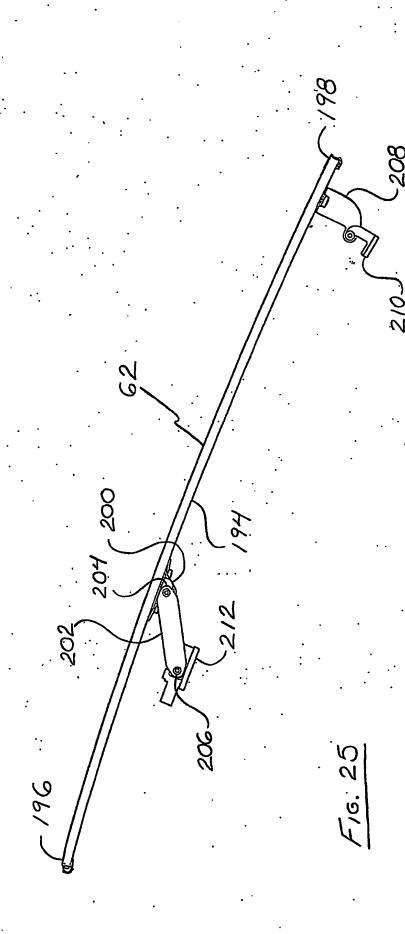


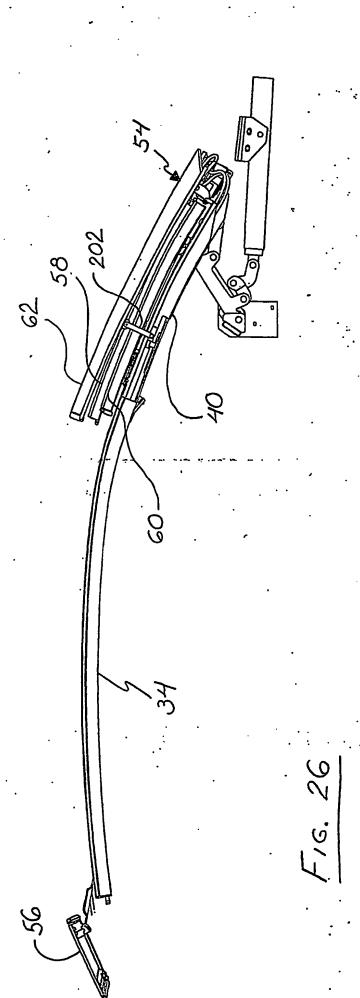
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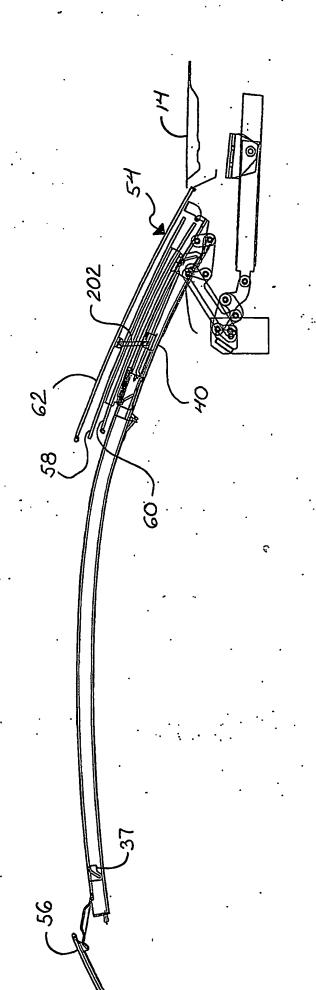




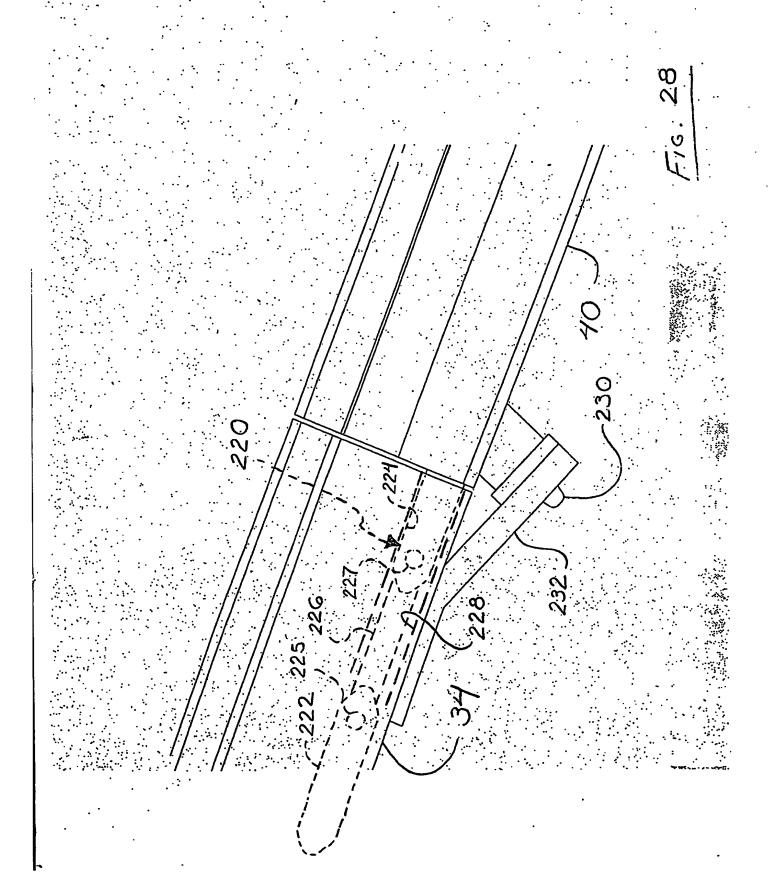
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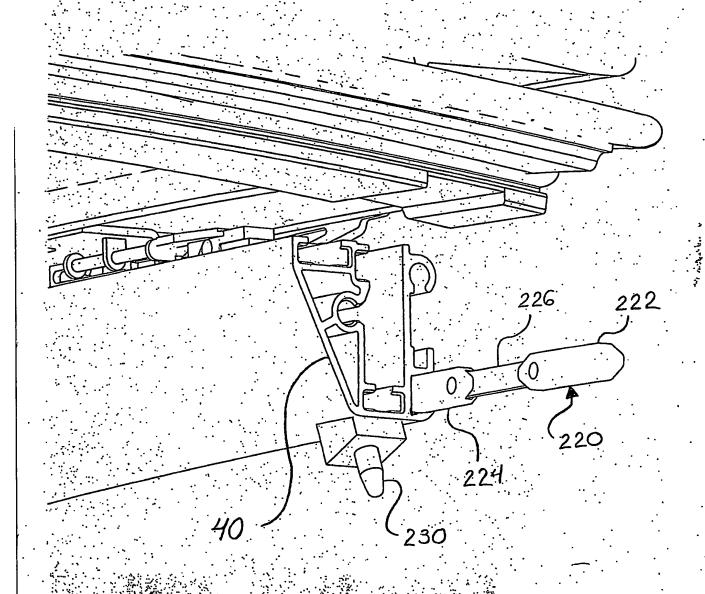


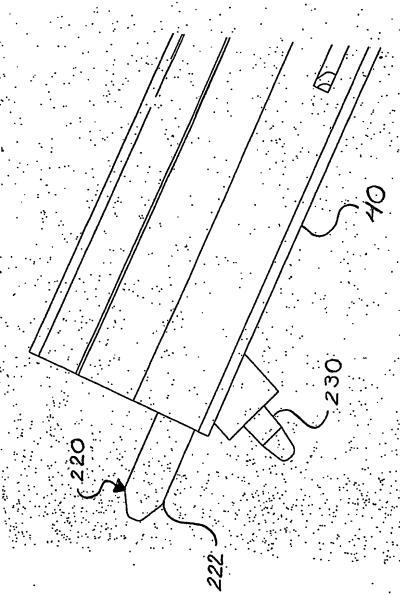


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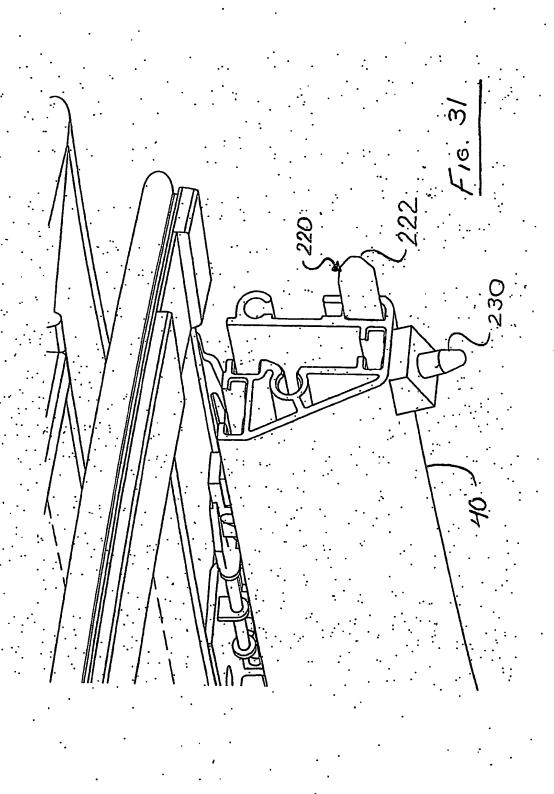


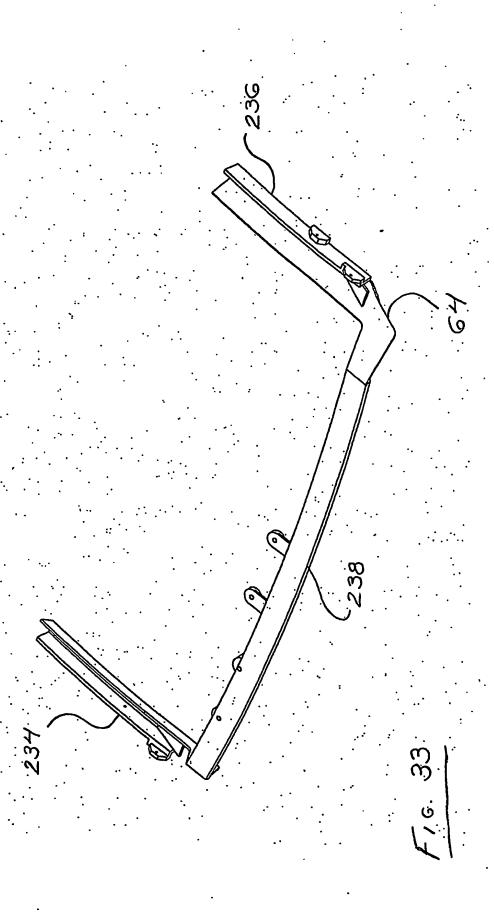
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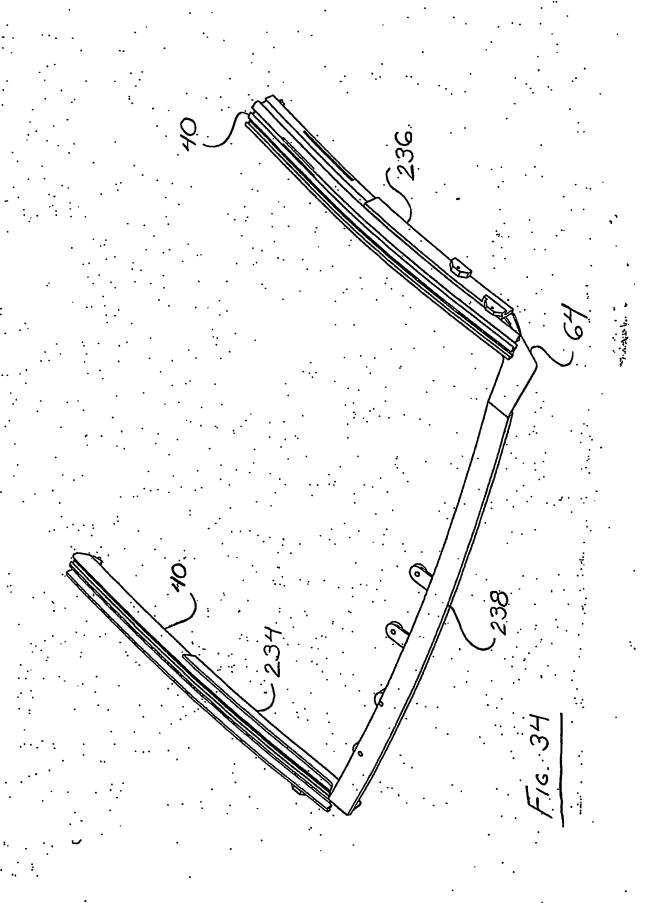


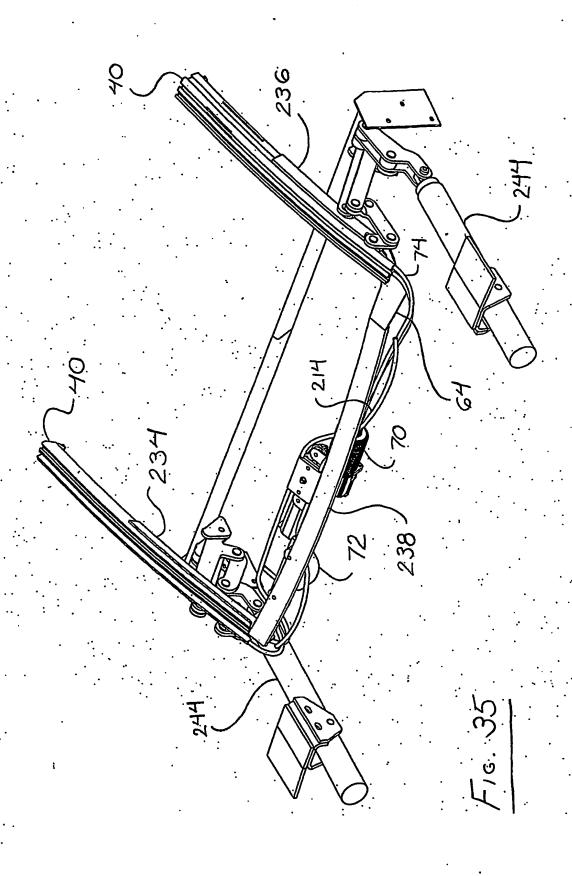


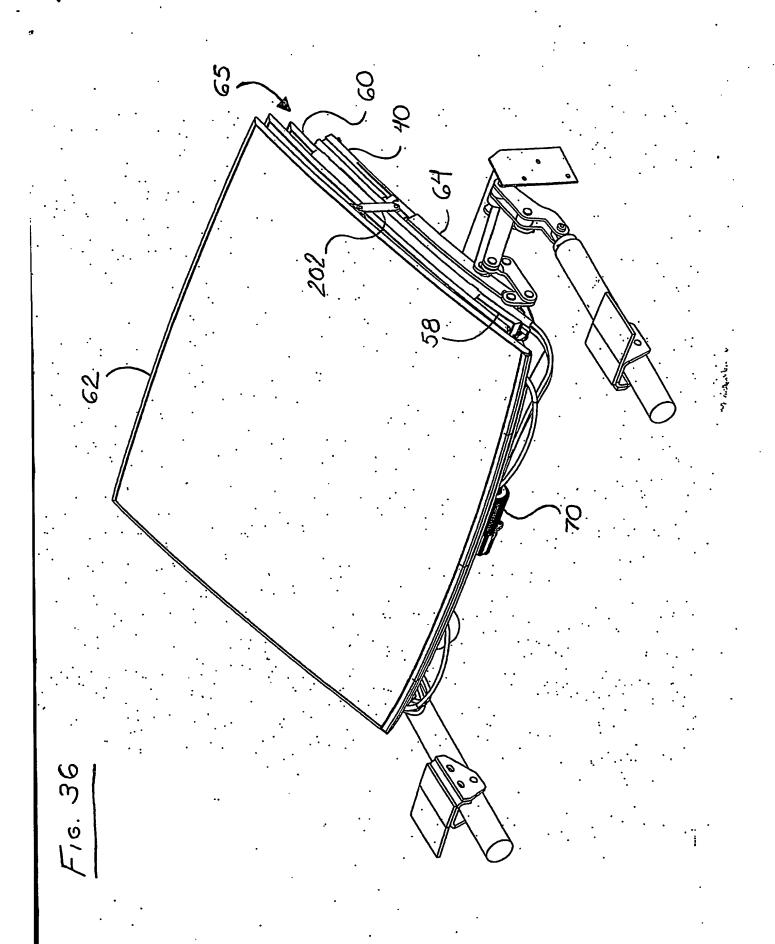
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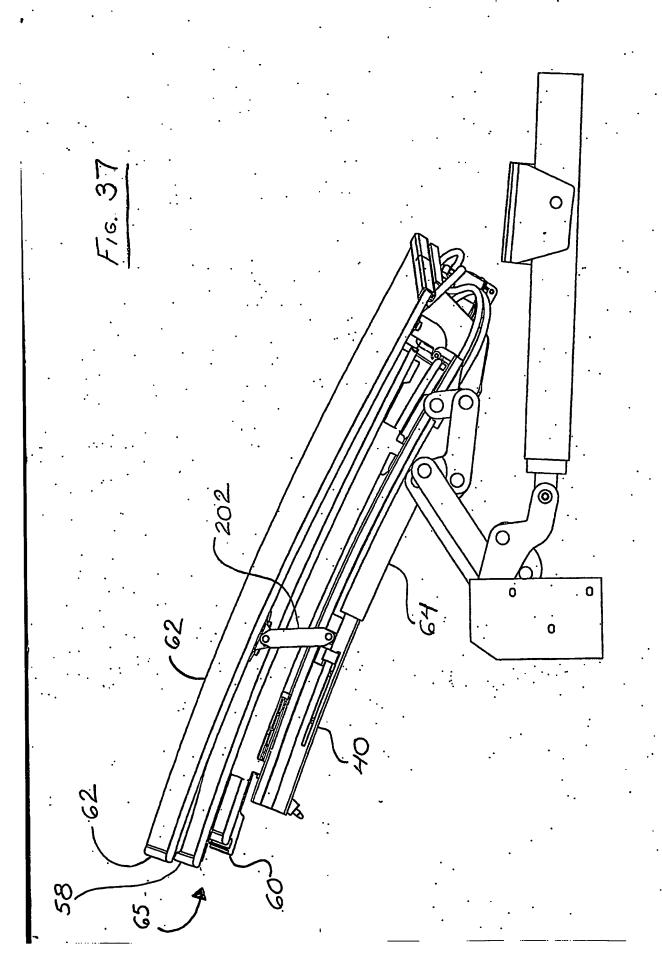


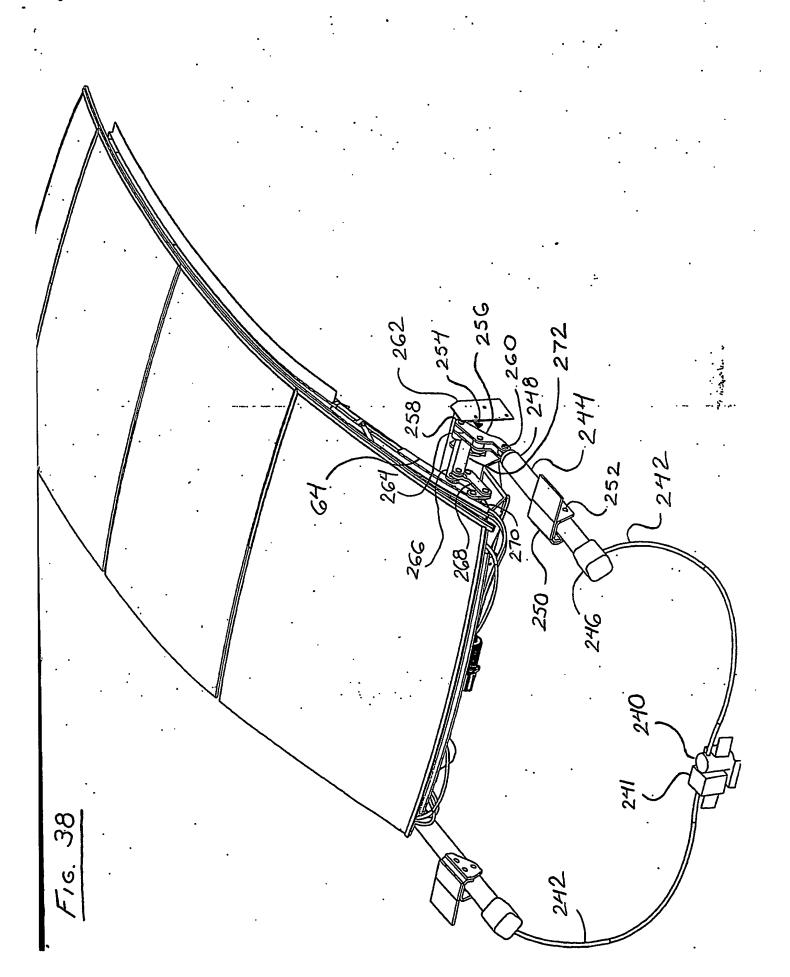




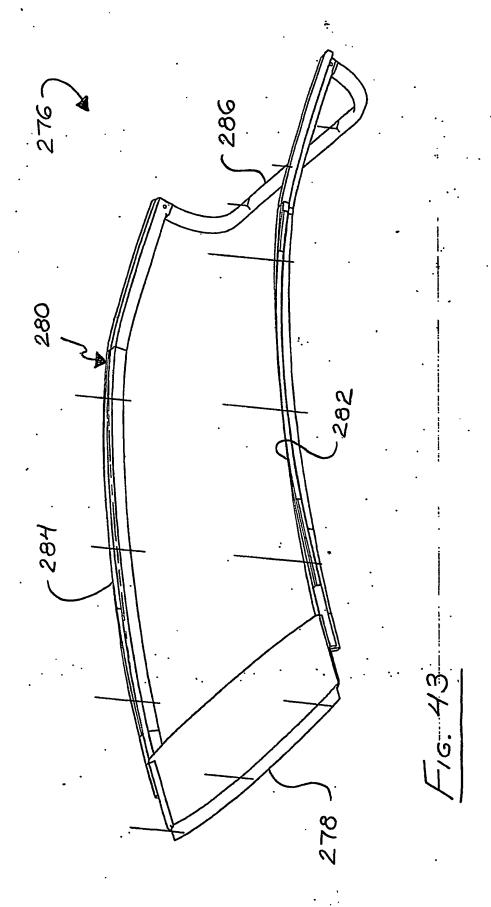


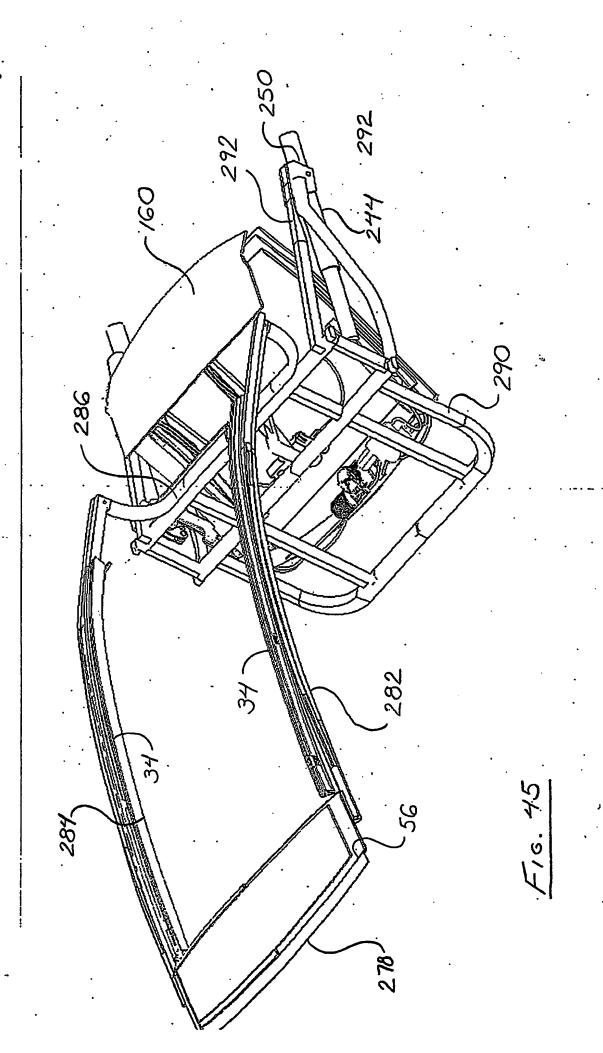


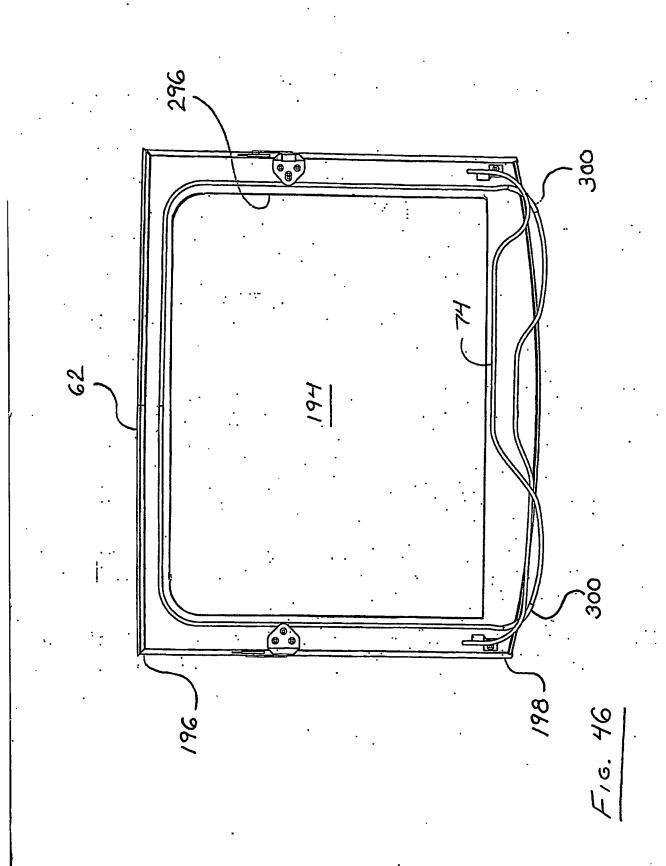


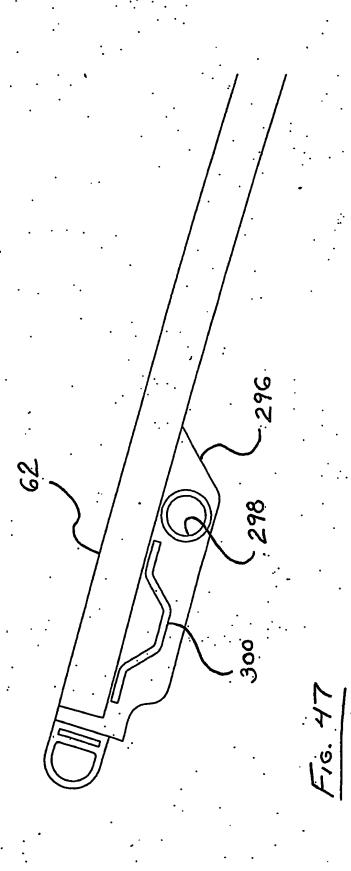


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